

# NISE Net Online Workshop

The Science Behind the 2018 Explore Science: Earth and Space Toolkit – Exploring Earth and the Solar System

*February 27, 2018*



***Welcome!***

**Today's presenters are:**

**Darrell Porcello, Ph.D.,** NISE Net Earth & Space Co-I

**Frank Kusiak, M.A.,** NISE Net Western Regional Hub Leader

**Lindsay Bartolone, M.S.,** NISE Net Earth & Space Content Expert

**Laura Peticolas, Ph.D.** Space Scientist and Science Educator

As we wait to get started with today's discussion, please:

- **Update your display name.** Include your first & last names, institution and location.
- **Introduce yourself!** Type your name and institution into the Chat Box
- **Questions?** Feel free to type your questions into the Chat Box at any time throughout the online workshop or use the raise your hand function in the participants list and we'll unmute your microphone.

**Today's discussion will be recorded and shared on nisenet.org at: [nisenet.org/events/online-workshop](https://nisenet.org/events/online-workshop)**



# Online Workshop Overview



**5 min**

**NISE Network introductions & toolkit overview**

**30 min**

**Dr. Laura Peticolas on Exploring Earth and the Solar System**

**AND**

**Frank Kusiak with highlights from “Magnetic Fields”, “Craters”, “Paper Mountains”, and “Stomp Rockets” activities**

**20 min**

**Q & A from our audience**

# Your Friendly NISE Net Webinar Crew



Dr. Laura Peticolas  
Associate Director  
Education & Public Outreach Group  
Sonoma State University



Frank Kusiak, M.A.  
NISE Net Western Regional Hub Leader  
Lawrence Hall of Science, UC Berkeley



Dr. Darrell Porcello  
NISE Net Earth & Space, Co-I  
Children's Creativity Museum



Lindsay Bartolone, M.S.  
NISE Net Earth & Space Content Expert  
Chicago, IL

# 2018 Explore Science: Earth & Space Toolkit



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- Media
- Professional Development
- Evaluation and Research
- Kits**
- About

## Kits

[Explore Science: Earth & Space toolkit](#)

- [Earth & Space 2017 toolkit](#)
- [Earth & Space 2017 toolkit recipients](#)
- [Earth & Space 2018 toolkit](#)
- [Earth & Space 2018 toolkit recipients](#)
- [Explore Science: Earth & Space 2017 toolkit](#)
- [Explore Science: Earth & Space toolkit recipients](#)

[Building with Biology Kit](#)

[Explore Science: Earth & Space toolkits](#)

[Frankenstein200 kit](#)

[SustainABLE Kit](#)

[Explore Science - Zoom into Nano kit](#)

[Museums & Community Partnerships](#)

[NanoDays](#)

## Explore Science: Earth & Space 2018 toolkit

In collaboration with NASA, the NISE Network has assembled a new set of engaging, hands-on Earth and space science experiences with connections to science, technology, and society.



### Links to download the entire digital toolkit (zip files):

Digital version of the Explore Science: Earth & Space 2018 toolkit



<a href="#">Zip file 1 - Open Me First</a>	22.92 MB
<a href="#">Zip file 2 - Promotional Materials</a>	32.85 MB
<a href="#">Zip file 3 - Explore Science Logos</a>	39.63 MB



# Submit your questions...

**We will be collecting your Questions in the chat window to your right throughout the talk.**

**We will go through these questions in the Q&A section of the webinar. Those we don't get to today we will reply over email.**

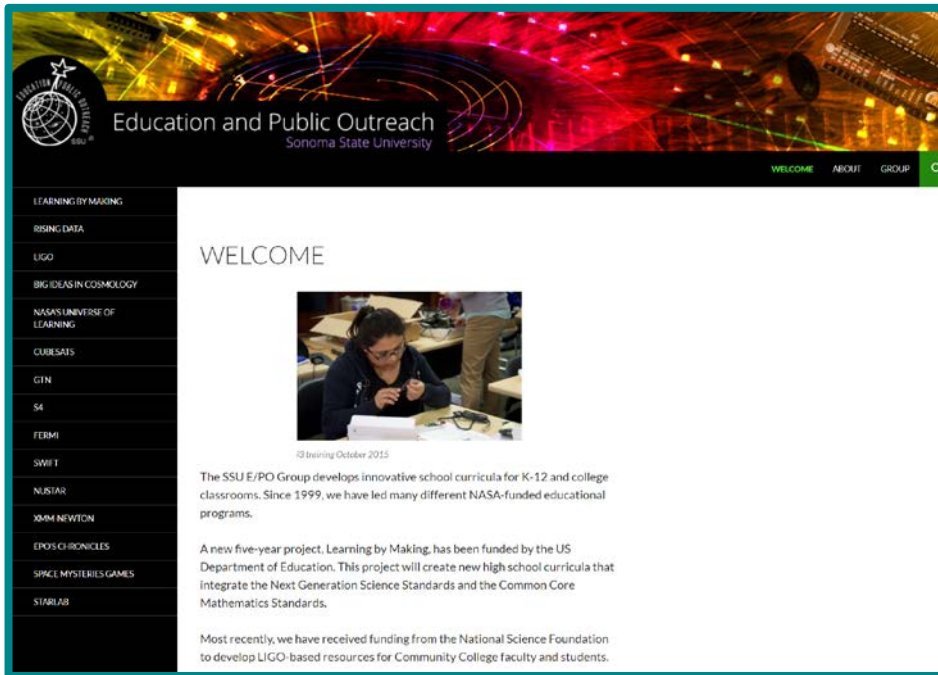


**...in the Chat Box.**

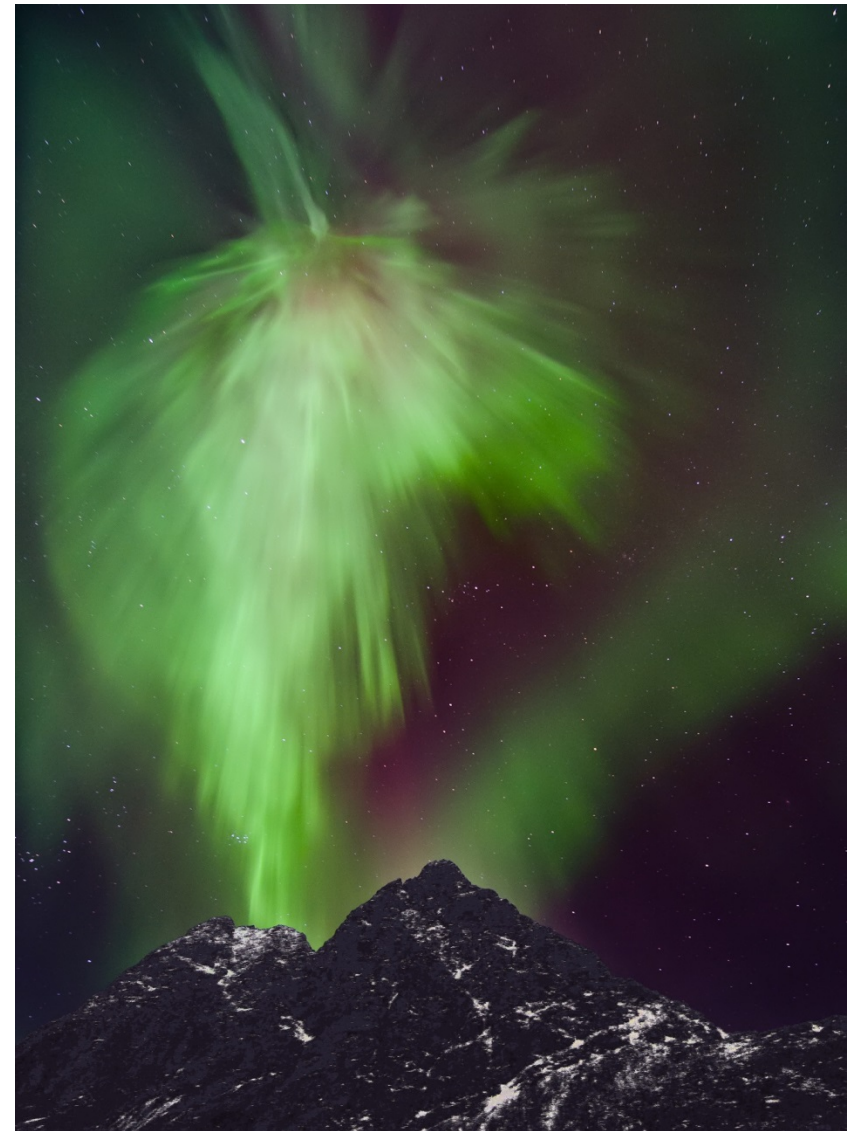
# The Science Behind the 2018 Explore Science: Earth and Space Toolkit - Exploring Earth and the Solar System



# Hi. I'm Laura.



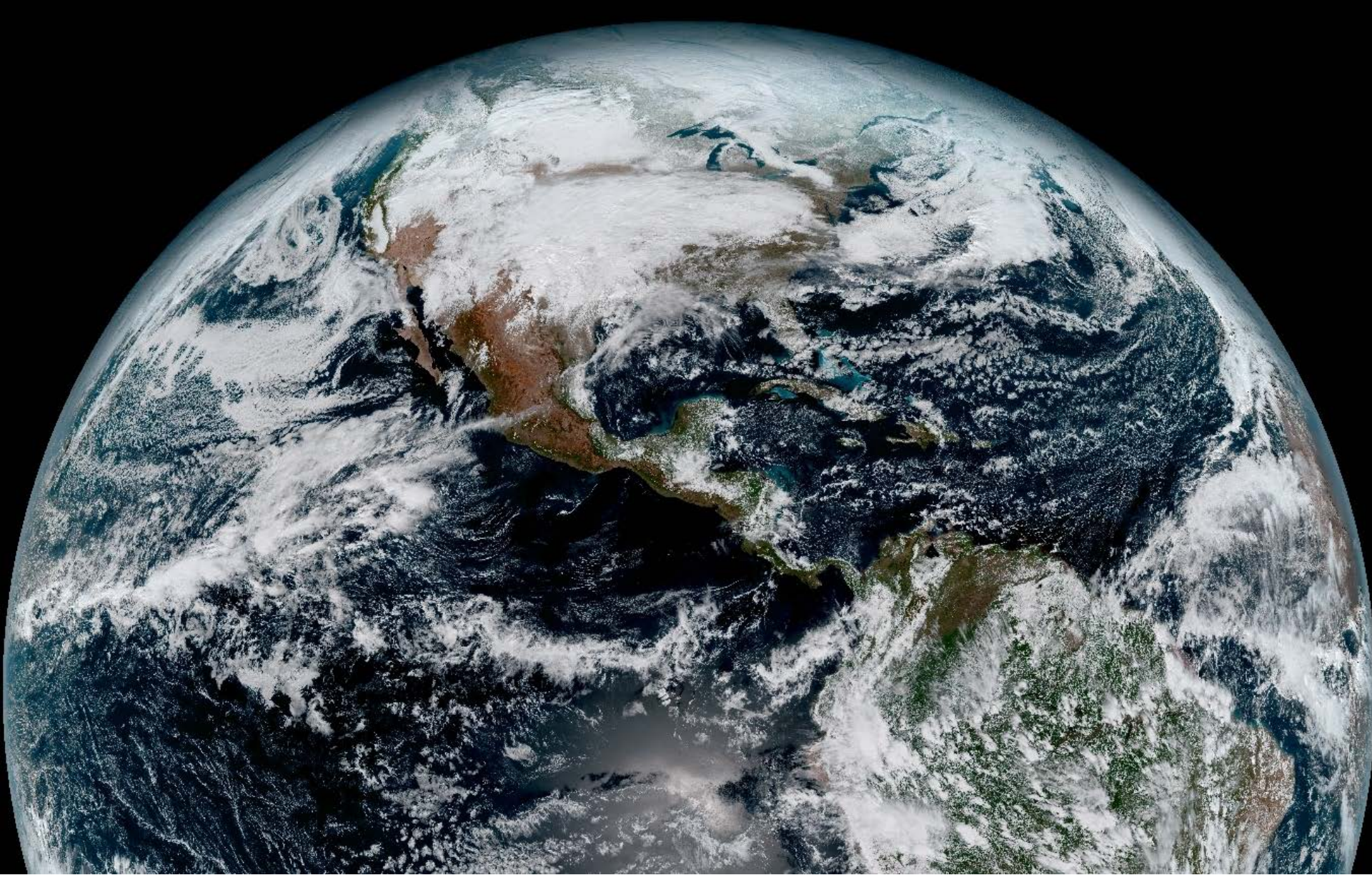
Associate Director  
Education and Public Outreach  
Sonoma State University



Space Physicist

*Image Credit: Lars Tiede*





*Image Credit: NOAA and NASA*

**Q:** What properties of Earth and the Solar System interest you?





## Looking Down at Earth: Water Cycle

The Advanced Spaceborne Thermal Emission and Reflection Radiometer (ASTER) instrument on NASA's Terra spacecraft captured this cloud-free image over the city of Sukkur, Pakistan, on Aug. 18, 2010, showing flooding caused by heavy monsoon rains. The image covers an area of 62.4 by 77.6 kilometers (38.7 by 48.3 miles). Image Credit: NASA/JPL

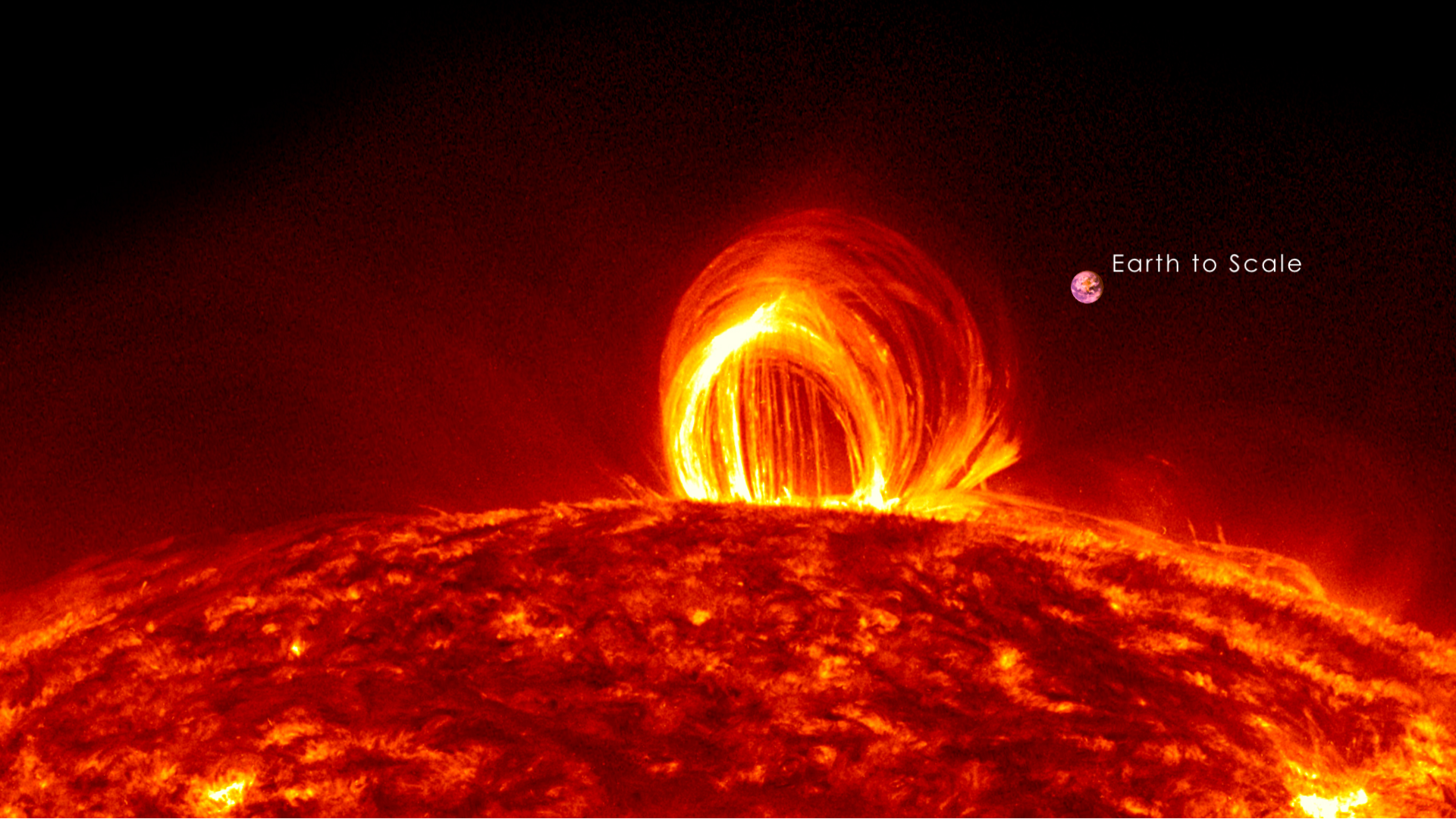




## Looking Down at Mars: Craters

A cropped view of an approximately 1-km Martian crater near the equator of Mars. The crater shows little erosion, indicating a more recent impact. Photograph taken on March 30, 2015 by camera onboard the NASA HiRISE spacecraft. Image Credit: NASA/JPL/University of Arizona





Earth to Scale

## Looking at the Sun: Dynamic Magnetism

On July 19, 2012, an eruption occurred on the sun that produced a moderately powerful solar flare and a dazzling magnetic display known as coronal rain. Photograph collected by the AIA instrument on NASA's Solar Dynamics Observatory spacecraft. Image Credit: NASA/GSFC/SVS

# 2018 Explore Science: Earth & Space Toolkit / Earth and the Solar System

EXPLORE SCIENCE

EXPLORANDO LA TIERRA

## Montañas de papel

¿Qué sucede después de la tormenta?



EXPLORE SCIENCE

EXPLORING THE SOLAR SYSTEM

## Craters

Make your own impact crater!




EXPLORE SCIENCE

EXPLORING THE SOLAR SYSTEM

## Magnetic Fields

How are magnetic fields on Earth and the Sun different?

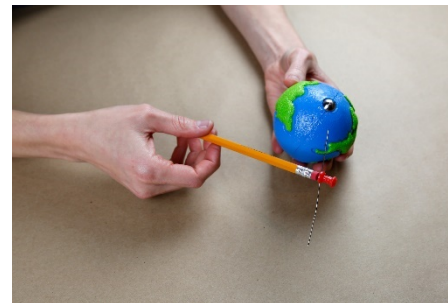


EXPLORE SCIENCE

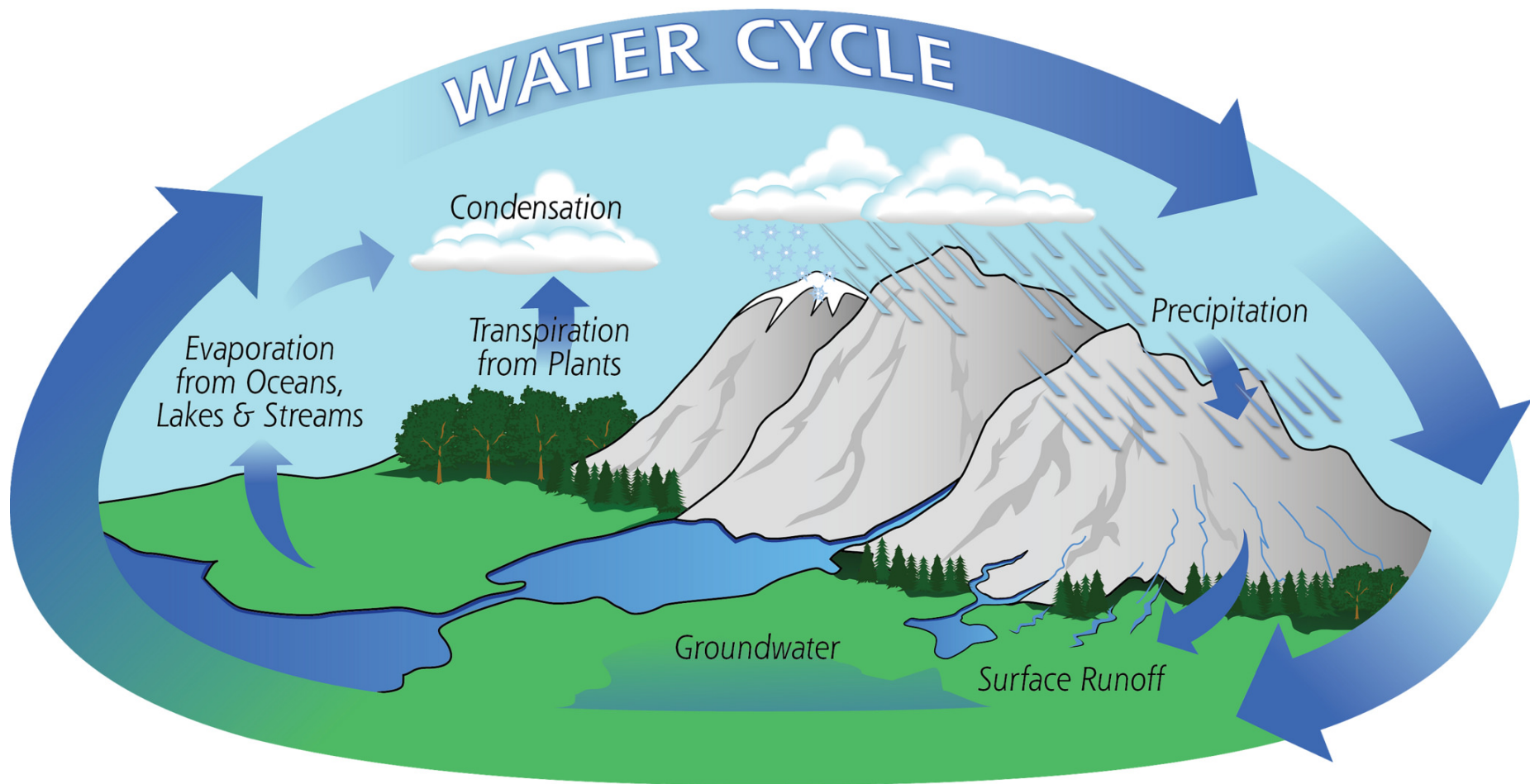
EXPLORING THE SOLAR SYSTEM

## Stomp Rockets

Pack your tools and blast off!

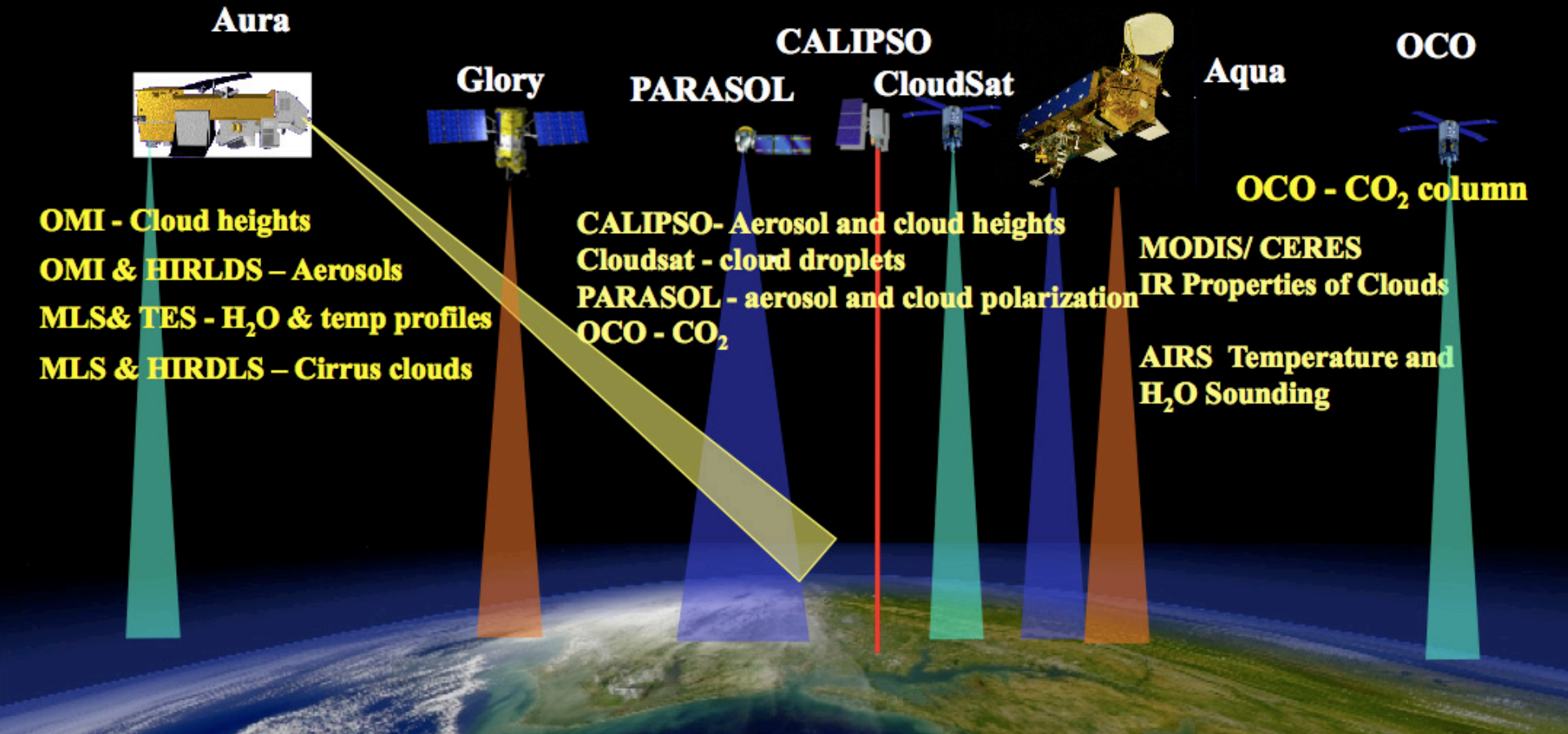






## Changes on Earth: The Water Cycle

Water in many phases take part in the water cycle. Water evaporates from oceans, lakes, and streams and plants transpire. Water as a gas form in the atmosphere, condenses into clouds. Clouds then precipitate water or snow on mountains. Water runs off the surface and can ground water storages. NASA studies the water cycle using cameras and spectrometers on board satellites, balloons, and rovers. Image Credit: NASA AIRS mission



## Studying Changes on Earth: The A-Train

The A-Train is equipped with a variety of passive and active remote-sensing instruments. The active sensors (i.e., CPR and CALIOP) emit "pencil-thin" pulses of energy that slice through the atmosphere, and strike a target. The return pulse of energy is analyzed to produce a very high-resolution view of a very small area. The passive sensors don't emit energy; they "see" reflected sunlight in the visible and ultraviolet wavelengths, and heat (infrared) that is both reflected and emitted from Earth's atmosphere and surface. Image Credit: NASA





Kaskawulsh Glacier meltwater alters downstream ecosystems

August 3, 2015 - July 4, 2016



## Studying Changes on Earth: Climate

As carbon dioxide gas increases in Earth's atmosphere, it warms over decades and centuries. As Earth's atmosphere warms, the water cycle changes. Glaciers melt, cloud cover changes, precipitation patterns change thus changing watersheds, and ecosystems change.

Interactive web-based NASA images: <https://climate.nasa.gov/images-of-change>

Image Credit: NASA

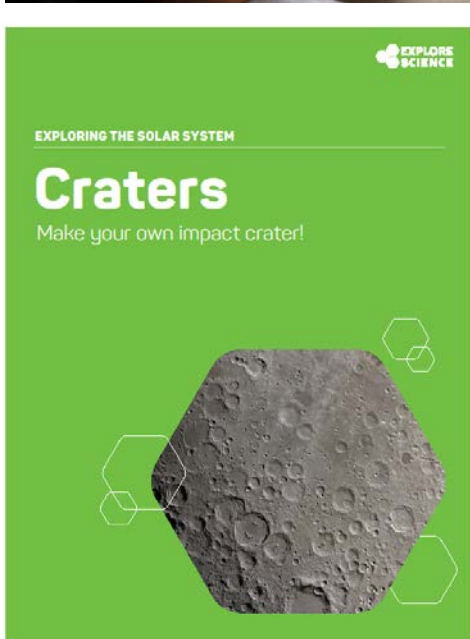




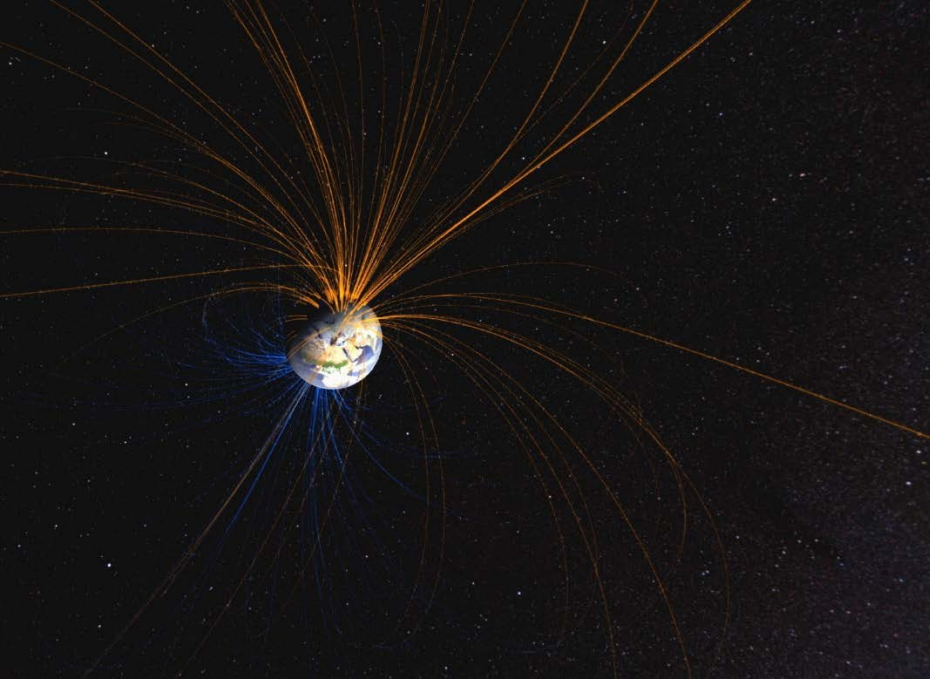
## Studying Changes on Earth: Craters

Lake Manicouagan in northern Quebec, Canada. This NASA data from the Multi-angle Imaging Spectro-Radiometer (MISR) shows a circle of water, indicating the remnants of one of the largest impact craters still preserved on Earth. Over time, glaciation and other erosional processes have reduced the extent of the crater. It was at one time 100 km across. Image Credit: NASA Terra Mission

# Craters and Paper Mountains



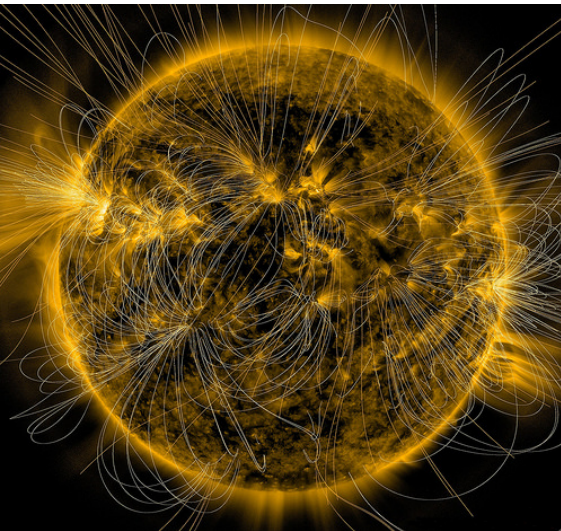




*Computer simulation of Earth's magnetic field. Lines from N. Hemisphere as orange lines. Image Credit: NASA GSFC SVS*

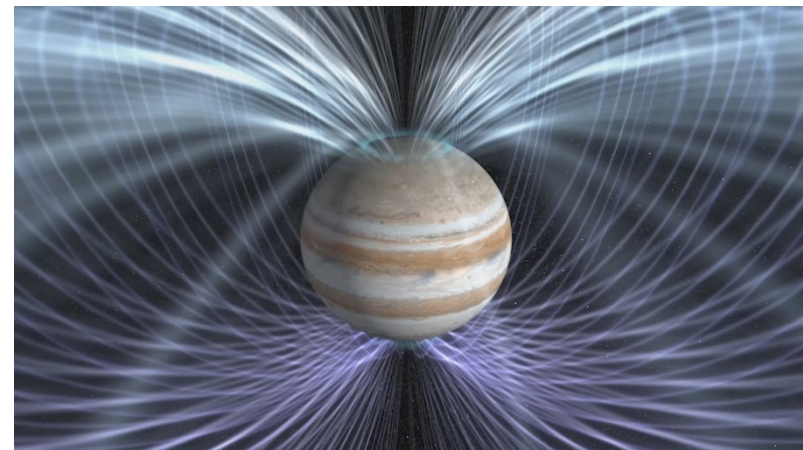


*Generators inside the Hoover Dam. Magnets are pushed through a coils of wire. Image Credit: Richard Martin CC 2.0*



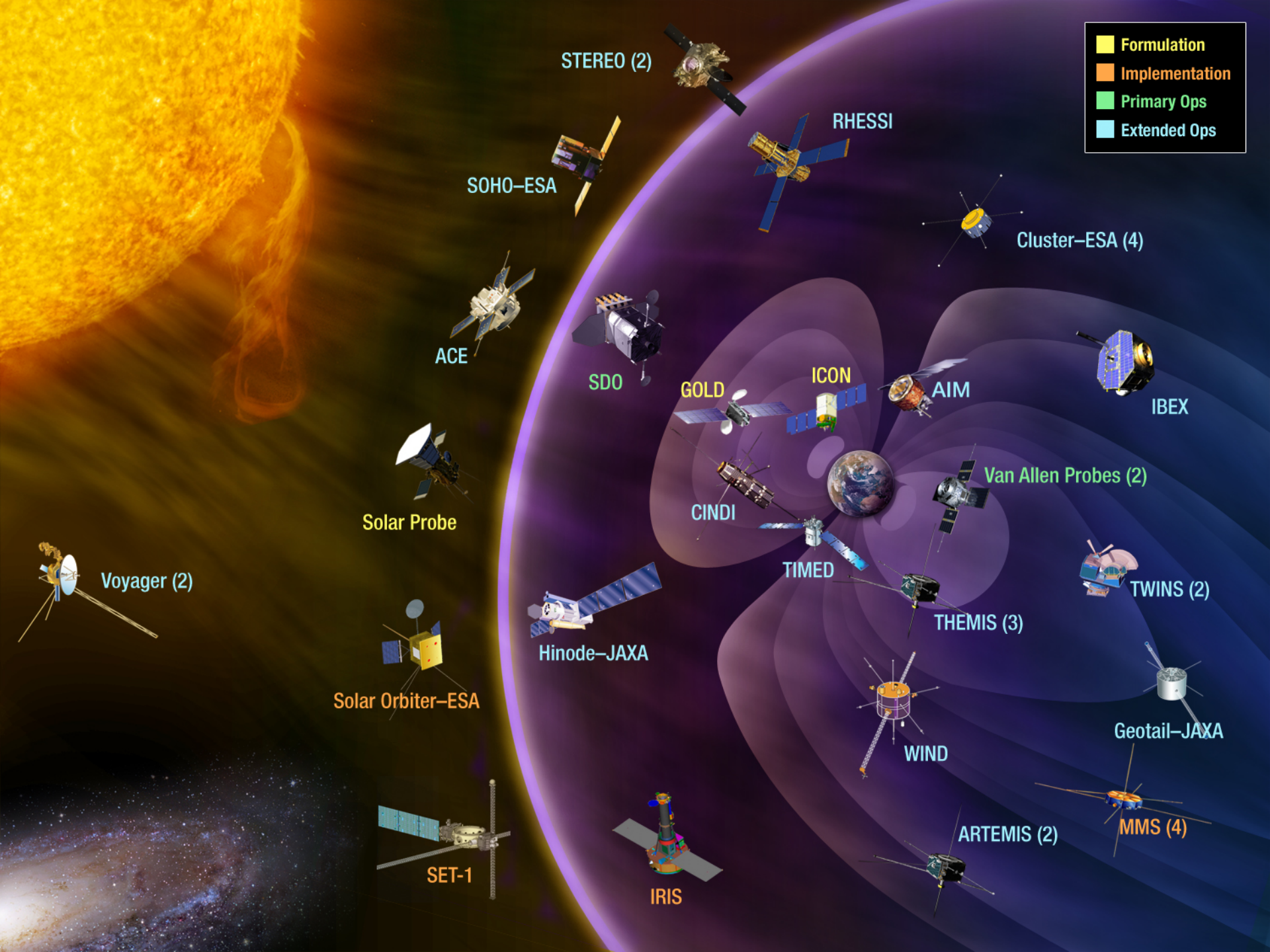
*Ultraviolet Sun and computer modeled magnetic fields. Image Credit: NASA/SDO/AIA/LMSAL*

## Magnetism on Earth and in the Solar System



*Image of Jupiter and computer modeled magnetic fields. Image Credit: NASA GSFC SVS*





- Formulation
- Implementation
- Primary Ops
- Extended Ops

STEREO (2)

RHESSI

SOHO-ESA

Cluster-ESA (4)

ACE

SDO

GOLD

ICON

AIM

IBEX

Solar Probe

CINDI

Van Allen Probes (2)

Voyager (2)

TIMED

TWINS (2)

Solar Orbiter-ESA

Hinode-JAXA

THEMIS (3)

Geotail-JAXA

SET-1

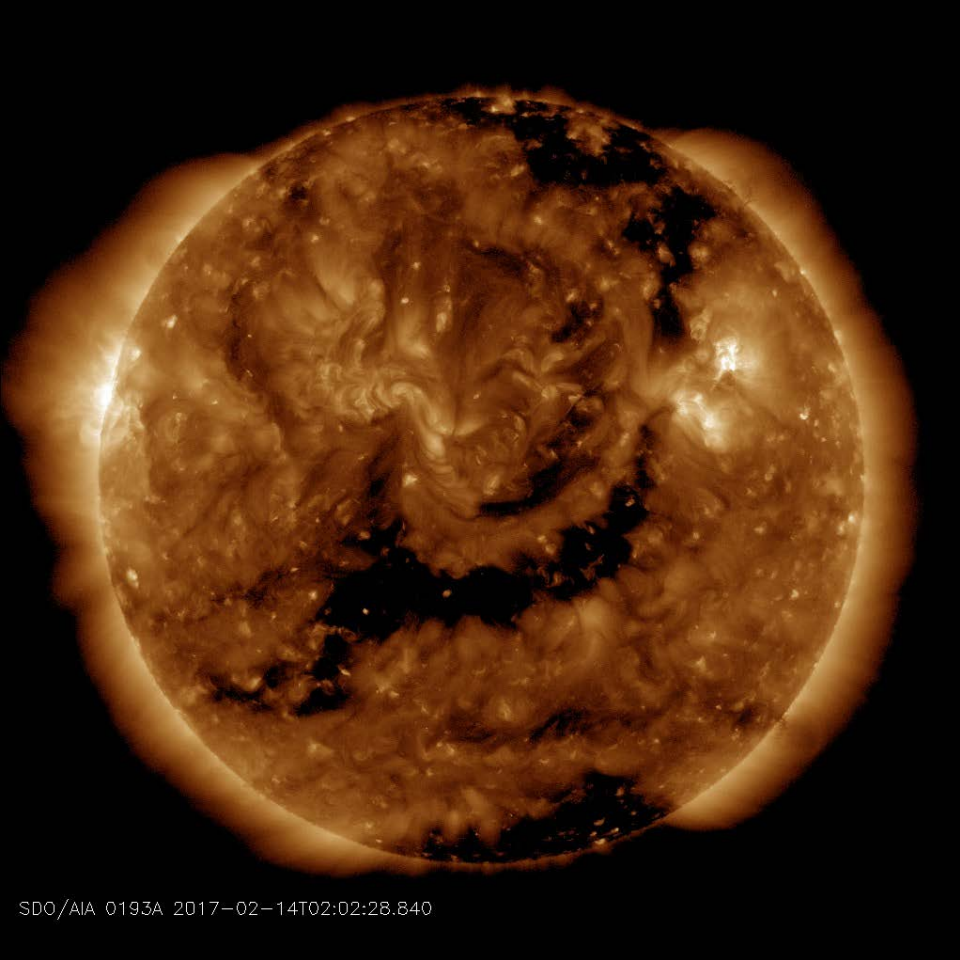
IRIS

WIND

ARTEMIS (2)

MMS (4)





SDO/AIA 0193A 2017-02-14T02:02:28.840

*Ultraviolet Sun on Feb 14, 2017. Bright areas are typically dynamic. Image Credit: NASA/SDO/AIA*

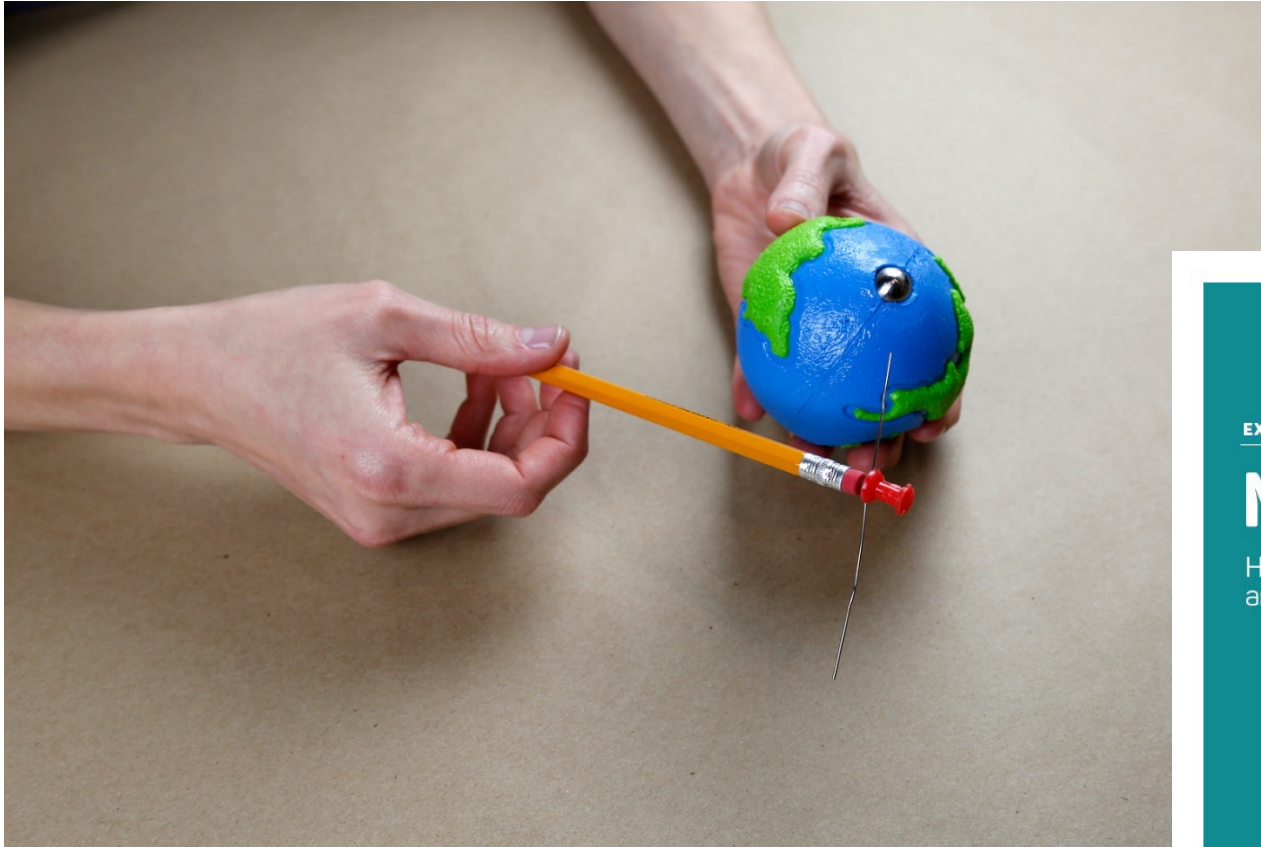


*Aurora at the Poker Flat Research Range north of Fairbanks, Aurora on Feb 16, 2017. Image Credit: NASA/Terry Zaperach*

## Studying Magnetism in the Sun and above Earth

The Sun's energy comes in the form of light (full electromagnetic spectrum), particles, and electromagnetism. Energy from the Sun generates electrical currents within Earth's magnetic field. These electrical currents power the northern lights and can cause minor magnetic changes in Earth's surface magnetism with sometimes large electrical currents.

# Magnetic Fields



EXPLORE  
SCIENCE

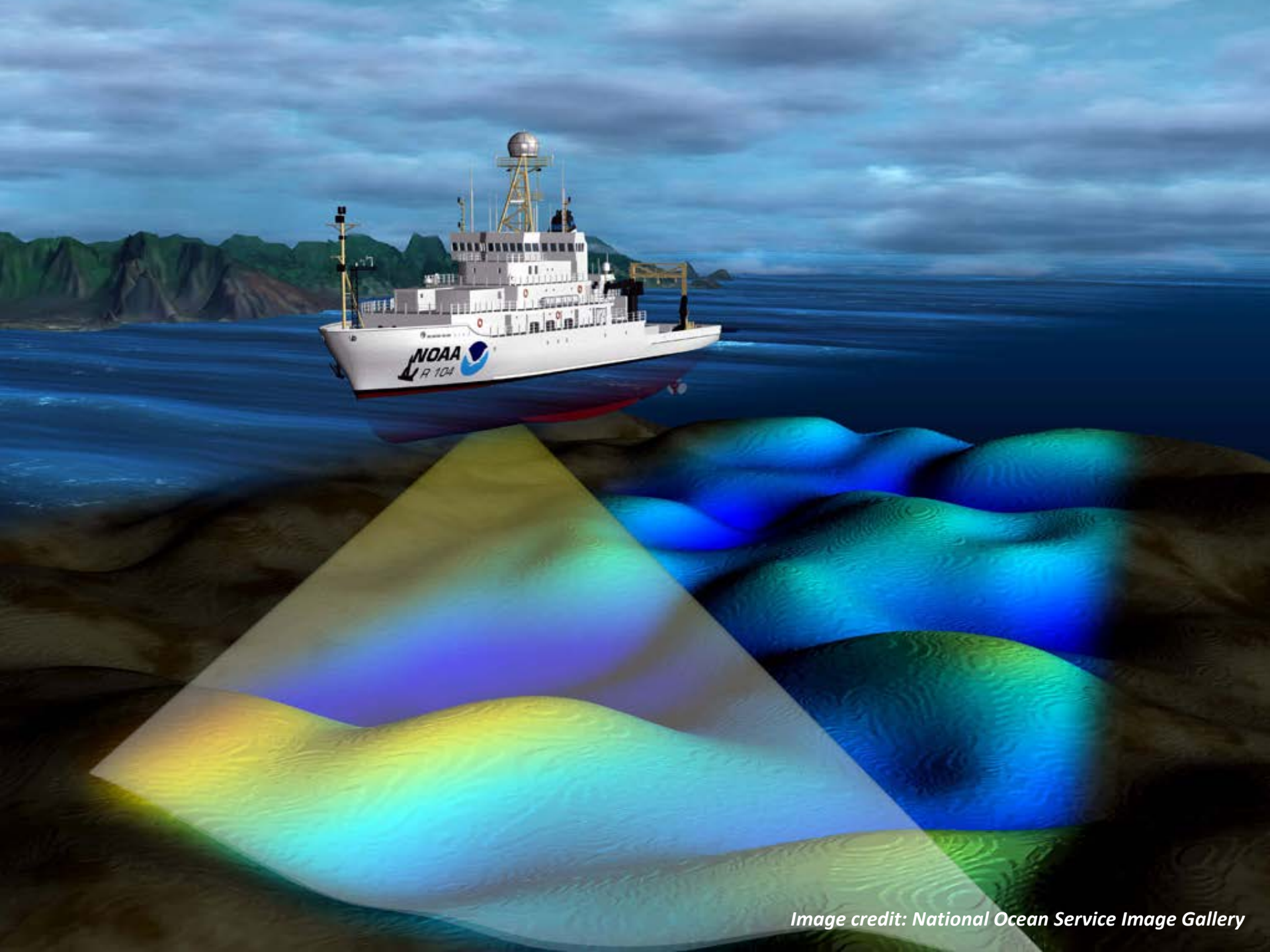
EXPLORING THE SOLAR SYSTEM

## Magnetic Fields

How are magnetic fields on Earth  
and the Sun different?

A hexagonal inset image showing a bright, fiery solar flare or sunspot on the surface of the Sun. The image is set against a dark background, and the Sun's surface is depicted with a textured, orange and red appearance. The hexagonal inset is surrounded by several white hexagonal outlines of varying sizes, some overlapping it.



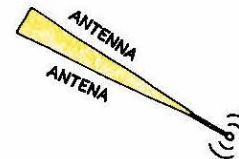
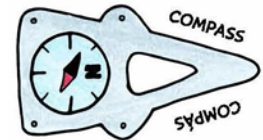
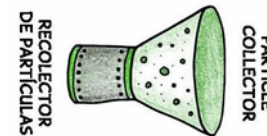


*Image credit: National Ocean Service Image Gallery*



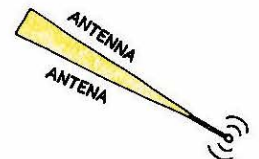
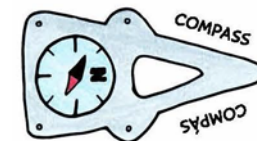
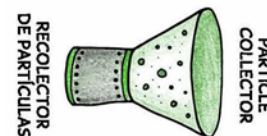
# Measuring in-situ particles, magnetic & electric fields, aurora brightness and spectra

Time lapse photo of the NASA Oriole IV sounding rocket with Aural Spatial Structures Probe. The rocket launched on Jan 28<sup>th</sup>, 2015 from Poker Flat Research Range north of Fairbanks, AK. All four stages of the rocket are visible.  
Credits: NASA/Jamie Adkins



# Looking into the Sky: Thermospheric Winds

A chemical trail like the one here deployed from a sounding rocket near the equator at night helps researchers track wind movement to determine how it affects the movement of charged particles in the atmosphere/ionosphere. The white and blue streaks, and the larger red glowing sphere, are from the chemical trails and give us neutral wind information. The red “cloud” is a lithium cloud. It was released by a rocket near 300 km altitude. The fainter blue and white traces are trimethyl aluminum clouds released by a second, lower altitude rocket. Image Credit: NASA





# Stomp Rockets



EXPLORING THE SOLAR SYSTEM

## Stomp Rockets

Pack your tools and blast off!





Features and physical process of the Sun, Earth, and other objects in the Solar System are studied by NASA scientists using instrumentation onboard airplanes, rockets, balloons, and spacecraft. Artistic image called: "Voyager: Humanity's Farthest Journey." Image Credit: NASA



# Q&A



**The Science Behind the Explore & Space Toolkit: Exploring Earth and the Solar System**

**What additional questions do you have?**

*Image Credit: NASA Goddard*



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**Wednesday, March 7: *"Understanding the Electromagnetic Spectrum (How does the universe work?)"***

**Register: <http://www.astc.org/profdev/universe-learning-webinars/>**

# Our Next Workshops



**The Science Behind the 2018 Explore Science: Earth & Space Toolkit - Looking Beyond the Solar System**

**Katherine Kornei, Ph.D.**

**Tuesday, March 13, 2018:  
2pm-3pm Eastern/  
11am-12pm Pacific**

**NGSS and the Explore Science: Earth & Space Toolkit - Connecting Your Toolkit to Field Trips and K-12 Programs**

**Lindsay Bartolone, M.S.  
Linda Shore, PhD.**

**Tuesday, March 20, 2018:  
2pm-3pm Eastern /  
11am-12pm Pacific**