

# Engaging Museum Visitors in Conversations about Nanotechnology and Society

Online Brown-Bag – March 4, 2014



# Presenters

- Brad Herring – Museum of Life and Science  
(*Brad.Herring@ncmls.org*)
- Ira Bennett – Center for Nanotechnology in Society,  
Arizona State University (*ira.bennett@asu.edu*)
- Jamey Wetmore – Center for Nanotechnology in Society,  
Arizona State University (*jameson.wetmore@asu.edu*)
- Douglas Coler – Discovery Place Inc.  
(*douglasc@discoveryplace.org*)
- Kevin Dilley – Sciencenter (*kdilley@sciencenter.org*)



# Presentation Overview

- Nano and society background
- Engaging visitors in conversations about nano and society
- Three Big Ideas
- Online training resources
- Nano and society training
- Nano and society programming (NanoDays)



# Nano & Society Workshops





# Nano & Society Conversations

# Engaging Visitors in Nano & Society

## Overarching goal

*To empower educators and visitors to reflect on the relevance of nanotechnology to their lives.*



# Why Science Museums?

## **We're positioned to do it...**

- Museums can bring together public audiences, educators, and scientists.
- NISE Net is working to raise the field's capacity to engage the public in the relevancy of emerging science and technologies to their everyday lives.

# Goals for Engaging Visitors in Conversations

1. Educators and visitors participate in open-ended, engaging conversations.
2. Educators and visitors have distinct, equally important roles in the conversation.
3. Participating in a conversation is a meaningful learning experience for visitors.
4. Facilitating a conversation is a valuable interpretive method for facilitators.





# Two Approaches to Engaging Visitors

## Demonstration

- Scientist/educator has knowledge and expertise to share
- Visitors discover phenomena and laws of nature
- The facilitator communicates facts
- Visitors ask questions and receive answers
- Promotes basic goal public understanding

*Use this approach to explain the Bernoulli Principle to visitors*

## Conversation

- Everyone has their own values and perspective to share
- Facilitators and visitors consider facts and values
- Facilitators and visitors ask questions and receive responses
- Visitors form opinions and explore ideas
- Promotes basic goal of public engagement

*Try this approach to engage visitors in nano and society*



# Nano & Society Big Ideas

Engaging in conversations  
about what nanotechnology  
means to us and our future.

# Values

*Values shape how technologies are developed and adopted.*





# Relationships

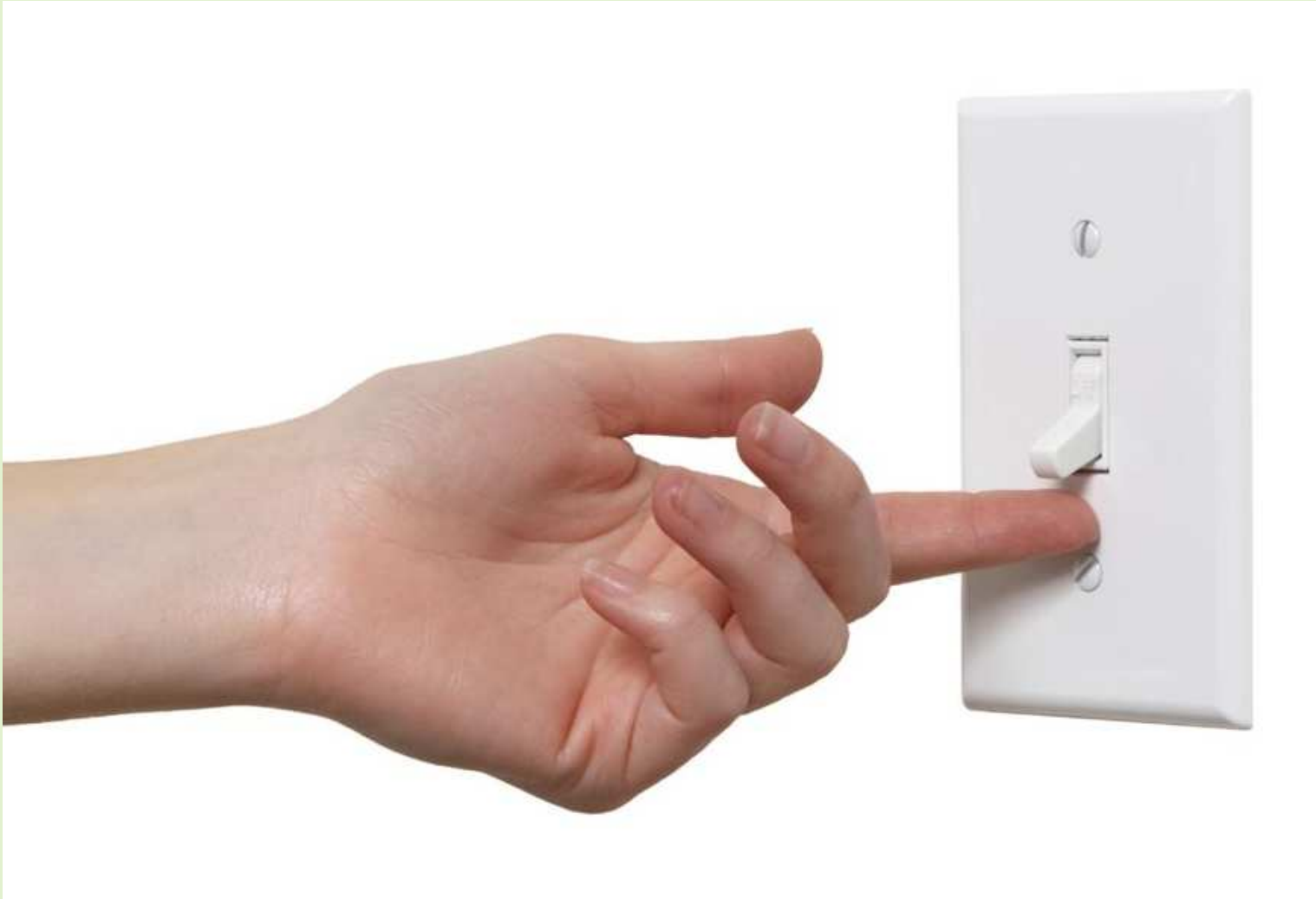
*Technologies affect social relationships.*





# Systems

*Technologies work because they're part of systems.*



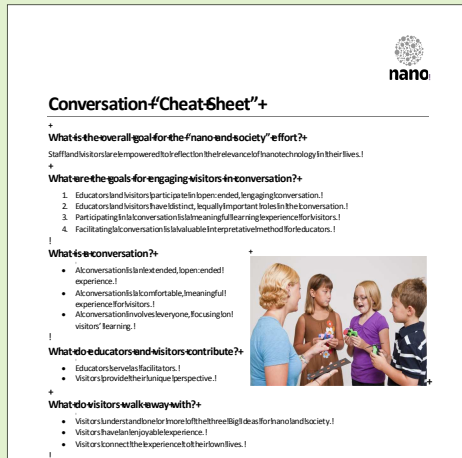
# Nanotechnology and Society:

*A Practical Guide to Engaging Museum Visitors in Conversations*

By Jameson Wetmore, Ira Bennett, Ali Jackson and Brad Herring



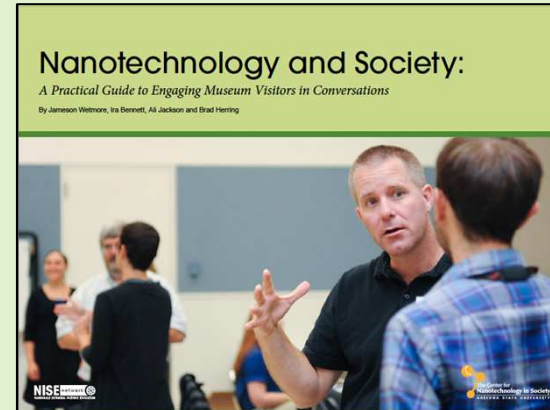
# Nano & Society Tools



## Nano & Society training materials

- slideshows
- videos
- tip sheets
- team-based inquiry sheets

## Improv Exercises for staff and volunteers



## Technology & Society Guide

**More info:** [www.nisenet.org/catalog/tools\\_guides/nano\\_society\\_training\\_materials](http://www.nisenet.org/catalog/tools_guides/nano_society_training_materials)

# Educational Products in Catalog



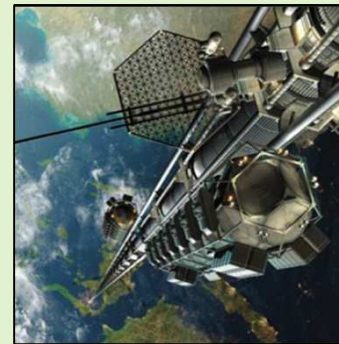
**Nano Around the World card game**



**Exploring Nano & Society – Invisibility Cloak**



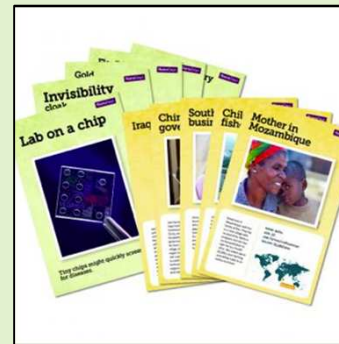
**Exploring Properties – Capillary Action**



**Exploring Nano & Society – Space Elevator**



**Exploring Nano & Society – Tippy Table**



**Exploring Nano & Society – You Decide!**

**More info:** [nisenet.org/catalog](http://nisenet.org/catalog)



# Educational Products in Catalog



**Would you buy that?**  
Public program



## Forums:

- Nanomedicine
- Energy
- Privacy
- Who Decides?
- Cognitive Enhancement



**Wonders and Worries of Nanotechnology**  
Video episodes



## Nano & Society Posters



**Exploring Materials – Ferrofluid**



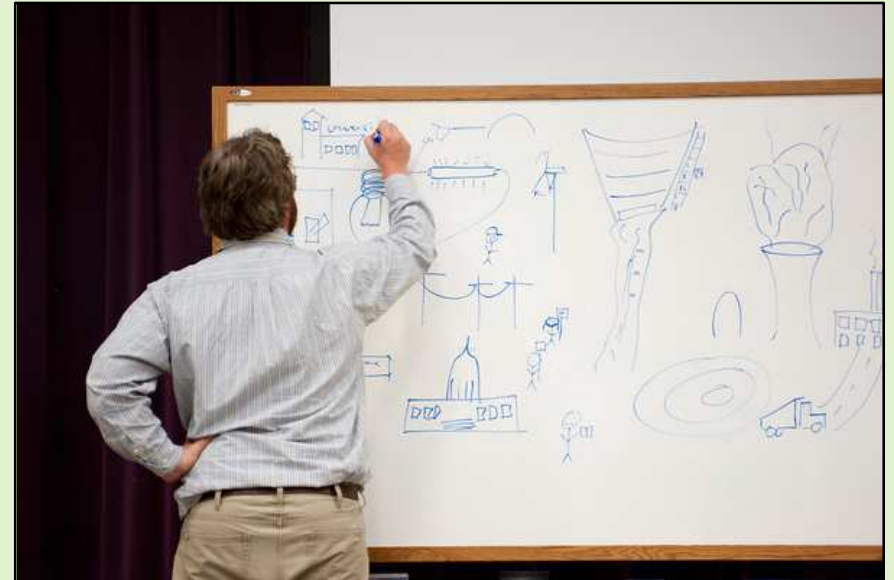
## Robots & People

**More info:** [nisenet.org/catalog](http://nisenet.org/catalog)

# 2014 ASTC Preconference Workshop

From Demonstration to  
Conversation: Engaging  
visitors in technology and  
society

*Friday, October 17, 9a-4p*



# Nano & Society Training



Douglas Coler

Discovery Place Inc.



# Poll Question



Which of the following NanoDays activities you would like to see demonstrated? (Choose one)

- You Decide
- Capillary Action
- Invisibility
- Ferrofluid
- Robots & People
- Would You Buy That?



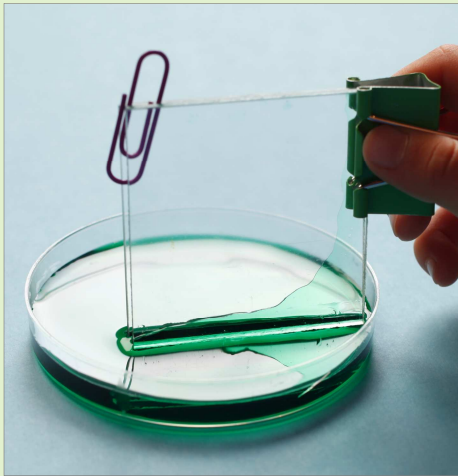
# Exploring Nano & Society—You Decide

Values shape how technologies are developed and adopted.



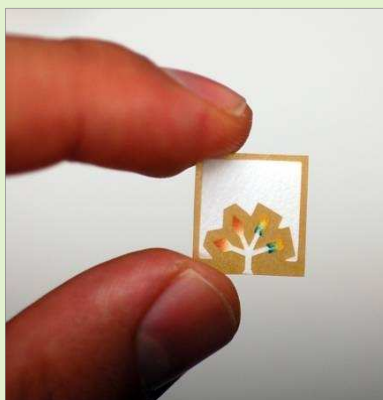
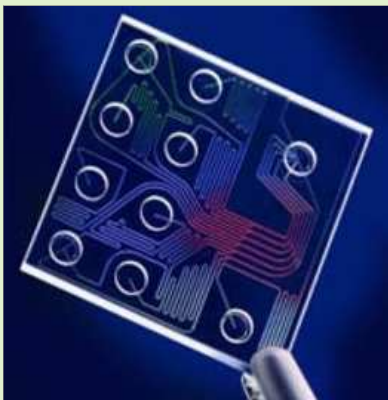
- Classify technologies in order of importance for you
- Classify technologies in order of importance for character
- Compare choices between visitors
- Emphasize no right or wrong answer

# Exploring Properties—Capillary Action



Technologies work because they're part of systems.

- Nanotechnology is making it cheaper and faster to detect disease.
- How would lab-on-a-chip devices affect medical systems?



# Exploring Properties—Invisibility



Technologies affect social relationships.

- Invisibility cloaks are a real possibility.
- What would you do if you had one?
- What would other people do? Should everyone have one? If not everyone, who?
- Would there have to be new laws around their use?

# Exploring Materials—Ferrofluid



Technologies work because they're part of systems.

- Did you know you might have some nanotechnology in your pocket?





# Robots & People



All three big ideas are touched on in this activity.

- Sometimes we value getting work done more quickly, precisely, or safely, so we make robots to do jobs people used to do.
- If we had robots working with us, how would that change our interactions with other people?
- What system is the Mars rover a part of?
- Kids create their own robots.

# Would You Buy That?



Values shape how technologies are developed and adopted.

- Products survive in the market only if people buy them.
- To make choices, people weigh the risks against the benefits.
- Some choices may affect just one person and some choices may affect society as a whole.

# Questions and Discussion?







This presentation is based on work supported by the National Science Foundation under Grant No. 0940143. Any opinions, findings, and conclusions or recommendations expressed in this presentation are those of the authors and do not necessarily reflect the views of the Foundation.

